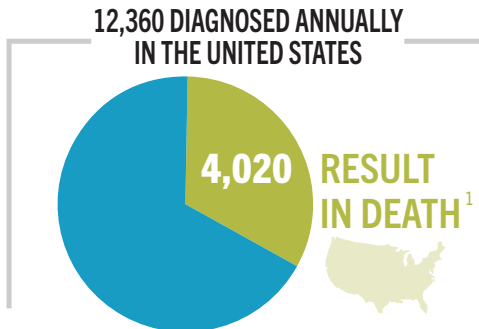


CERVICAL CANCER

Cervical cancer forms in tissues of the cervix (the organ connecting the uterus and vagina).¹

HOW MANY WOMEN ARE AFFECTED?



5-YEAR SURVIVAL RATES



WHO IS AT RISK FOR CERVICAL CANCER?

INCIDENT
**RATE
HIGHEST**
for
**HISPANIC
WOMEN**¹

*All women,
regardless of
race/ethnicity,
are at risk
of developing
cervical cancer*

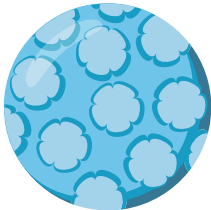


MOST FREQUENTLY
DIAGNOSED IN WOMEN
35-44
years of age¹

MORTALITY
**RATE
HIGHEST**
for
**BLACK
WOMEN**¹

WHAT CAUSES CERVICAL CANCER?

MOST COMMON CAUSE
HUMAN PAPILLOMAVIRUS (HPV)



*Cervical cancer is almost
always caused by HPV infection,
although most women
with HPV will not
develop cervical cancer.¹*

*HPV is a group of more than 150 related
viruses, but not all cause cervical cancer.²*

WHAT ARE THE SYMPTOMS?

*There are typically
no symptoms
with early stage cervical cancer*

ONCE CANCER ADVANCES
Symptoms include:

**ABNORMAL
VAGINAL BLEEDING**²

**UNUSUAL
VAGINAL DISCHARGE**²

**PAIN
DURING INTERCOURSE**²

WHY IS SCREENING CRUCIAL?

6 OUT OF 10 **CERVICAL CANCERS
OCCUR IN WOMEN
WHO HAVE NEVER
HAD A PAP TEST**
or have not been tested in the past 5 years³

TWO WAYS

**TO REDUCE RISK FOR
CERVICAL CANCER**

- 1** TALK TO YOUR DOCTOR
AND GET SCREENED
to find and treat pre-cancers²
- 2** REDUCE RISK OF
PRE-CANCERS BY
 - not smoking
 - getting vaccinated, if age appropriate²

REFERENCES

1. National Cancer Institute Surveillance Epidemiology and End Results Stat Fact Sheet: Cervix Uteri Cancer. <http://seer.cancer.gov/statfacts/html/cervix.html>
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3. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Cervical Cancer Screening. <http://www.cdc.gov/ncbddd/disabilityandhealth/women.html>