1. Product and Company Identification

Product name: CELLCEPT (R) Oral Suspension
Product code: 2502054
Use: Therapeutic Category: Immunosuppressant

Company information:
Enquiries:
Hoffmann-La Roche Inc.
340 Kingsland Street
USA-Nutley, N.J. 07110-1199
United States of America

Phone: 001-973/235 50 00
E-Mail: info.sds@roche.com
US Emergency phone: (800)-827-6243
US Chemtrec phone: (800)-424-9300

Roche Nutley Inventory Code: 25753196

2. Hazard identification

Emergency Overview
Form: liquid
Color: white to off-white

Hazard Overview:
- Harmful if swallowed.
- May cause blood system changes.
- May cause lymphatic system effects.
- May cause birth defects based on animal data.

Potential Health Effects:
- Exposure: Inhalation, Ingestion, Skin contact, Eye contact
- Target Organs: gastrointestinal system, Hematopoietic/blood system, Lymphatic system, Immune System
- Acute Effects: This material has not been tested as a whole; therefore, the information described below is based on one or more of its ingredients., May cause gastrointestinal effects.
- Chronic Effects: May cause blood system changes., May cause lymphatic system effects., May cause immune system suppression.
- Carcinogenicity: formulation not listed by NTP, IARC or OSHA
GHS Classification

Health Hazards:
- 3.1 oral Acute toxicity (Category 4)
  - H302 Harmful if swallowed.
- 3.5 Germ cell mutagenicity (Category 2)
  - H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.
- 3.7 D Reproductive toxicity (Category 1B)
  - H360D May damage the unborn child.
- 3.9 Specific target organ toxicity - Repeated exposure (Category 1)
  - H372 Causes damage to organs.

Signalword: Danger

Label:

Precautionary statements:
- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P260 Do not breathe dust
- P273 Avoid release to the environment.
- P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
- P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
- P405 Store locked up.

Additional Health Information
- Reproduction Toxicity: May cause birth defects. Since this material may affect the developing fetus, females planning to have a child and pregnant women should exercise caution regarding exposure.
- It is also advisable for nursing mothers to exercise caution regarding exposure.

*1 referring to: Mycophenolate mofetil

3. Composition/Information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredients</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mycophenolate mofetil</td>
<td>10-20 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAS: 128794-94-5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. First-aid measures

- Eye contact: in case of contact with eyes rinse thoroughly with plenty of water and get medical advice
- Skin contact: remove immediately contaminated clothes, wash affected skin with plenty of water
- Inhalation: in case of inhalation remove to fresh air and seek medical aid
- Ingestion: consult physician
### 5. Fire-fighting measures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Suitable extinguishing media</td>
<td>water spray jet, dry powder, foam, carbon dioxide</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point (liquid)</td>
<td>(Flash point not established)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protection of fire-fighters</td>
<td>use self-contained breathing apparatus</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions          | ensure adequate ventilation                  |

### 7. Handling and storage

**Handling**

| Technical measures            | Use with adequate ventilation                |
| Note                          | Store constituted suspension at 25 °C (77 °F); excursions permitted to 15 to 30 °C (59 to 86 °F) for 60 days. Storage in a refrigerator at 2 to 8 °C (36 to 46 °F) is acceptable. |

**Storage**

| Storage conditions            | room temperature                             |
|                              | dry and ventilated place                     |
|                              | do not freeze                                 |

### 8. Exposure controls/Personal protection

**Engineering Measures**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Threshold value (Roche) air</th>
<th>IOEL (Internal Occupational Exposure Limit): 0.01 mg/m³</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Personal protective equipment**

| Respiratory protection       | Respiratory protection is recommended as a precaution to minimize exposure. Effective engineering controls are considered to be the primary means to control worker exposure. Respiratory protection should not substitute for feasible engineering controls. Respiratory protection not necessary during normal operations |
| Hand protection              | protective gloves                                |
| Eye protection               | tightly fitting safety glasses                   |
| Body protection              | protective clothing                              |
| General protective and hygiene measures | instruction of employees mandatory |
|                              | shower after work recommended                    |

*1 referring to: Mycophenolate mofetil
### 9. Physical and chemical properties
- **Color**: white to off-white
- **Form**: liquid

### 10. Stability and reactivity
- **Stability**: stable under normal conditions
- **Materials to avoid**: strong oxidizing agents

### 11. Toxicological information
- **Acute toxicity**
  - LD\(_{50}\) > 4'000 mg/kg (oral, mouse)  
  - LD\(_{50}\) 250 to 500 mg/kg (oral, rat)
- **Local effects**
  - skin: non-irritant
  - eye: non-irritant
- **Sensitization**: non-sensitizing
- **Carcinogenicity**: not carcinogenic (several species)
- **Reproductive toxicity**: teratogenic (several species)

**\(^1\) referring to:** Mycophenolate mofetil

### 12. Ecological information
- **Ready biodegradability**
  - not readily biodegradable
  - ~ 14 %, 64 d (FDA Technical Assistance Document No. 3.11)
  - primary degradation evidenced by HPLC
  - < 6 %, 28 d (Manometric Respirometry Test, OECD No. 301 F)
- **Inherent biodegradability**
  - evidence for medium-term biodegradation in surface waters
  - inhibits anaerobic biodegradability at high concentrations (toxic to bacteria)
  - complete primary degradation evidenced by HPLC
  - 0 %, 62 d (Ultimate anaerobic biodegradability, ISO 11734)
- **Abiotic degradation**
  - hydrolysis 5 mg/l, river water
  - \(t_{1/2}\) ≤ 5 d, ~ 20 °C
  - Identified decomp. products:
    - Mycophenolic acid (CAS 24280-93-1)

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\(^1\) Mycophenolate mofetil
CELLCEPT (R) Oral Suspension

- rapid degradation, photodegradation, hydrolysis 22.3 mg/l, water; HPLC
  ~ 37 %, 120 h, ~ 22 °C, dark
  ~ 67 %, 120 h, ~ 22 °C, under illumination

Ecotoxicity

- barely toxic for planktonic crustaceans (Daphnia magna)
  EC₅₀ ~ 755 mg/l

- highly toxic for algae (Scenedesmus (=Desmodesmus) subspicatus)
  Er₅₀ (72 h) 0.6 mg/l (average measured concentration)
  Eb₅₀ (72 h) 0.2 mg/l (average measured concentration)
  NOEC (72 h) 0.1 mg/l (nominal concentration)
  (OECD No. 201)

- adaptation/recovery of organisms upon prolongation of test duration
  (Scenedesmus (=Desmodesmus) subspicatus)
  LOEC (14 d) 1.6 mg/l (nominal concentration)
  (OECD No. 201, prolonged)

- barely toxic for planktonic crustaceans (nominal concentration = 100 mg/l), test performed with water accommodated fractions
  (Daphnia magna)
  EC₅₀ (48 h) > 100 mg/l (nominal concentration)
  NOEC (48 h) 27.7 mg/l (average measured concentration)
  (OECD No. 202)

- acute fish toxicity in a limit test is lower than daphnid or algal toxicity, hence not relevant for classification (guppy)
  NOEC (96 h) 1.7 mg/l (highest tested concentration)
  (OECD No. 203)

- no adverse influence on substrate biodegradation (activated sludge)
  concentration (14 d) 100 mg/l (nominal concentration)
  (Manometric Respirometry Test, OECD No. 301 F)

Mobility

- strong adsorption to activated sludge (water-activated sludge, 24 h, ~22 °C)
  Kᵣ = 830000 l/kg
  (Adsorption to activated sludge in biodegradability test)

Air pollution

- observe local/national regulations

*1 referring to: Mycophenolate mofetil

13. Disposal considerations

Waste from residues

- observe local/national regulations regarding waste disposal
- incinerate in qualified installation with flue gas scrubbing
- DO NOT FLUSH unused medications or POUR them down a sink or drain. If available in your area, use takeback programs run by household hazardous waste collection programs or community pharmacies to dispose of unused and expired medicines. If you don’t have access to a takeback program, dispose of these medicines in the household trash by removing them from their original containers and mixing them with an undesirable substance, such as used coffee grounds or kitty litter.
14. Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DOT</th>
<th>Class</th>
<th>UN/ID</th>
<th>PG</th>
<th>PI</th>
<th>RQ</th>
<th>Label</th>
<th>Haz.no</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>3077</td>
<td>III</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

DOT Remark:
- NON-REGULATED IN NON-BULK PACKAGINGS TRANSPORTED BY MOTOR VEHICLES, RAIL CARS OR AIRCRAFT (49CFR 171.4(c)).

Proper shipping name
ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.

Technical name
Mycophenolate mofetil

15. Regulatory information

TSCA Status
- FDA Exemption - not on inventory

Reporting Requirements
- The United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) has not established a Reportable Quantity (RQ) for releases of this material.
- In New Jersey, report all releases which are likely to endanger the public health, harm the environment or cause a complaint to the NJDEPE Hotline (1-609-292-5560) and to local officials.
- State and local regulations vary and may impose additional reporting requirements.

16. Other information

Edition documentation
- changes from previous version in sections 2, 8, 12, 13, 14

The information in this safety data sheet is based on current scientific knowledge. It should not be taken as expressing or implying any warranty concerning product characteristics.